LT-M282C

Linear **LED Module**, M Series

freedom in lighting

Helvar



- Initial colour consistency (SDCM) of MacAdam 4-step
- Simple mounting Screw mounted on module edges
- Easy connection with end to end push-in connectors
- Slim form factor, 18mm width
- Long lifetime











	Nominal colour	Luminous flux (Фv)		Forward voltage			Luminous efficacy			CCT		CRI		
	temp.	Tc = 50 °C			Tc = 50 °C			Tc = 50 °C			Tc = 50 °C			
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
	[K]	[lm]	[lm]	[lm]	[V]	[V]	[V]	[lm/W]	[lm/W]	[lm/W]	[K]	[K]	[K]	[Ra]
Nominal @ 450 mA														
SI-B8V114280WW	3000	1420	1580	1755	23.56	24.8	26.04	127	142	157	2922	3038	3166	> 80
SI-B8U114280WW	3500	1445	1605	1785	23.56	24.8	26.04	129	144	160	3307	3455	3621	> 80
SI-B8T114280WW	4000	1485	1650	1835	23.56	24.8	26.04	133	148	164	3781	3975	4188	> 80
SI-B8R114280WW	5000	1485	1650	1835	23.56	24.8	26.04	133	148	164	4789	5030	5302	> 80
Maximum @ 540 mA														

Measurement tolerance: Luminous flux ±7%, CRI ±3.0, Voltage ±0.3V, Power consumption ±0.3W

Electrical specifications

	LT-M282C				
at Tc =50 °C	Min.	Nom.	Max		
Operating Current [mA]	-	450	540		
Operating Voltage* [V]	23.56	24.8	26.04		
Power Consumption* [W]	10.6	11.2	11.7		

^{*)} At If = 450 mA, direct current supply only

Max. permissible peak current 900 mA (Duty 1/10 pulse width 10 ms)

IP rating IP00

Colour specification

Colour consistency at initial time Colour Rendering Index 4 MacAdam steps

> 80 Ra

Operating Conditions and Characteristics

Tp point (performance measurements) Tc = $50 \, ^{\circ}$ C Max.temperature at Tc point 90 $^{\circ}$ C Operating temperature range -20...+ $50 \, ^{\circ}$ C Storage temperature -30...+ $80 \, ^{\circ}$ C

Life time (L70B50) $>50\,000\,h$, at Tc = 80 °C

Connections and Mechanical Data

Wire size 0.2 - 0.75 mm² (24 - 18 AWG)
Connector Reworkable poke-in connector
PCB material Copper, solder mask, epoxy

Conformity & Standards

Photobiological safety of

lamps and lamp systems IEC/EN 62471, TR IEC/EN 62778

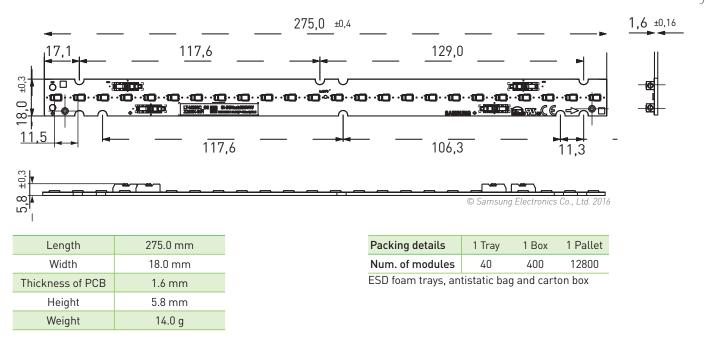
Led modules for general lighting -

safety specifications IEC/EN 62031

Compliant with relevant EU directives, CE marked, RoHS/REACH compliant



freedom in lighting



Thermal Management



Relative specification curves

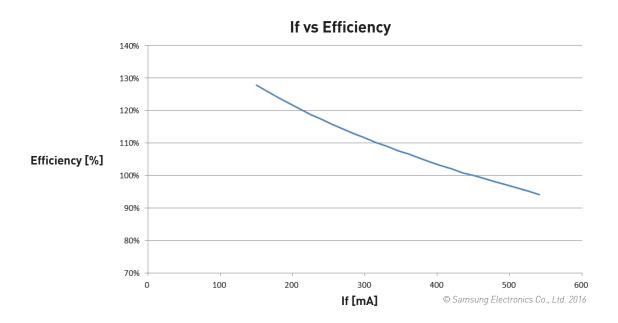
LUMINOUS FLUX

If vs Luminous Flux 140% 120% 100% lm [%] 60% 40% 20% 0% 300 100 200 400 500 600 If [mA] © Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. 2016

Relative specification curves

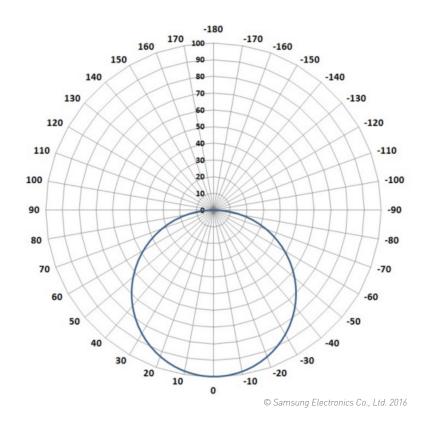
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EFFICIENCY



Photometric characteristics

Polar Intensity Diagram: Beam Angle 115 \pm 5°



Instructions for use



In order to have safe and reliable operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED modules from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED module / LED driver combination according to the application and product datasheets. Specifications of the LED modules may never exceed the operating conditions as per the product datasheets.

HANDLING OF THE LED MODULES

LED modules contain components (LED packages, chips) that are sensitive for mechanical stress, electrostatic discharge (ESD) and chemical contaminants. Improper handling of the modules might cause damage or even destruction of the LED modules. Damaged LEDs may show some unusual characteristics such as increase in leakage current, lowered turn-on voltage, or abnormal lighting of LEDs at low current. Please follow following instructions and the precautions given in the product datasheets while handling and assembling Helvar LED modules.

Storage conditions

- Unused LED modules are recommended to stored carefully in an original sealed ESD package preventing moisture, pollutants or ESD to cause damage the module.
- Storage temperature range: -30...+80 °C

Opening the package / resealing

 LED modules are kept in stable protected environment in the packaging, open the package only when you are ready to use the LED modules. If resealing of the original package is required remove excess air from the packaging and place the moisture absorber (silica-gel bag) in to the packaging and seal the ESD back with adhesive tape.

ESD precautions at luminaire assembly site

The LEDs are sensitive to the electrostatic discharge (ESD) and surge current. If voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rating is applied to LEDs, it may cause damage or even destruction to LED devices.

 EN 61340-5-1: Protection of electronic devices from electrostatic phenomena – General Requirements describes procedures for protection for damage caused by electrostatic discharge while handling electronic devices, following list lists basic protective measures described in the standard.

ESD protection measures in handling and assembling LED modules

- Employee training for correct handling
- Personnel grounding via wrist band / footwear
- ESD protective clothing / shoes
- Handle LED modules only in ESD protected areas and workplaces

Chemical considerations

Chemical substances may cause damage the LED module by causing discoloration, loss of luminous flux or total failure of the module.

Avoid materials and substances containing:

- VOCs Volatile Organic Compounds that may occur in adhesives, or sealings. Verify that the materials used in the luminaires are not causing VOCs.
- Halogen compounds
- Chlorine
- Acetates
- Sulphuric compounds

Never look directly into an operational LED module without suitable protective eye wear!

ELECTRIC & THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

Wiring insulation

• According to recommendations in EN 60598

Wire connections

- Please refer to LED driver datasheets connections diagram
- Wrong polarity might damage the LED modules

Choosing the LED driver

- To guarantee the safe and reliable operation of the M series LED-modules the LED driver must be provided with open and short circuit protection.
- M series modules are designed to be used with constant current output type LED driver

Electrical design, electrical safety

During the design it is luminaire manufacturers responsibility to follow the international and national electric design regulations and recommendations for the electric safety and luminaire protection. Electric safety classification and protection class is depending on:

- Actual luminaire design and safety classification
- LED driver insulation
- LED driver output isolation (safety isolating, non-isolated ALWAYS CHECK AND FOLLOW EXACT REGULATIONS FROM LATEST RELEVANT IEC/EN STANDARDS.

Installation considerations

The M series modules are basic isolated against ground and can be installed on earthed metal parts of the luminaire. We recommend using plastic screws, clips or a combination of M4 metal screws and insulating plastic washers for safe operation.

Please follow regulations from IEC60598-1 for creepage and clearance requirements.

The use of TIM (thermal interface material) is generally not required if the maximum ambient temperature in the luminaire does not exceed 50 °C. If using TIM in the installation process, the user should give special attention not to contaminate the optical source or PCB.

Maximum tc & tp temperature

- Reliable operation is only guaranteed if the maximum to point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.
- Lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum tp point temperature specified for lifetime is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

MECHANICAL CONSIDERATIONS

- While handling the modules avoid mechanical stress or pressure applied to light emitting surface.
- Avoid dropping of the LED modules
- Bending of the modules is not allowed
- Avoid touching the light emitting surface
- Mechanical modifications (drilling, milling, sawing and breaking of the module) are not permitted

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