LC22MINI-CC-125-500-SR



22 W **SELV constant current** I FD driver

Product code: 5904

22 W 220 - 240 V 50 - 60 Hz

- SELV output protection for safety and flexibility in luminaires
- Low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation
- Suitable for use in emergency lighting applications
- Extremely compact dimensions for flexible usage
- Integrated strain reliefs for independent installation
- Ideal solution for Class I, Class II and Class III (SELV) luminaires





Functional Description

- Adjustable constant current output: 125 mA (default) to 500 mA
- Current setting via dip-switches
- Overload, open & short circuit protection

Mains Characteristics

Stand-by power consumption < 0.5 W
THD at full power < 15 %

Tested surge protection 4 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5) 2 kV L-N (IEC 61000-4-5)

Tested fast transient protection 2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - SELV circuit Double/reinforced insulation
Mains and output - Driver case Double/reinforced insulation

Load Output (SELV <60 V)

Output current (I_{cut}) 125 mA (default) – 500 mA

Accuracy ± 5 %

Ripple < 3 % at $\le 120 \text{ Hz}$

*) Low frequency, LED load: Cree XP-G LEDs

PstLM < 0.20* SVM < 0.02*

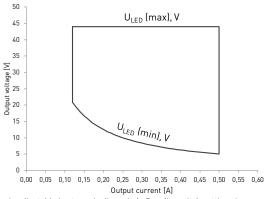
*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.

U_{out} (max) (abnormal)

EOF, (EL use) > 0.98 x output current with AC supply

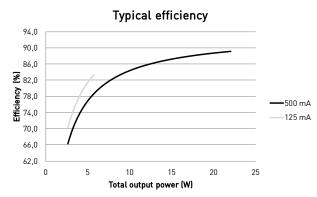
I _{LED}	125 mA	500 mA
P _{Rated}	5.5 W	22 W
U_{LED}	20 - 44 V	5 - 44 V
PF (λ) at full load	0.87	0.95
Efficiency (n) at full load	83 %	89 %

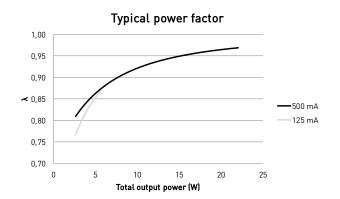
Operating window



Current value is adjustable in steps via dip-switch. See dip-switch settings in page 3 for details.

Driver performance





Operating Conditions and Characteristics

Absolute highest allowed t_c point temperature

Tc life (50 000 h) temperature

Ambient temperature range*

Storage temperature range

Maximum relative humidity

Mains switching cycles

Life time (90 % survival rate)

75 °C 75 °C

-25 °C ... +45 °C*

-40 °C ... +80 °C

No condensation

> 100 000 cycles

100 000 h, at t_c = 65 °C

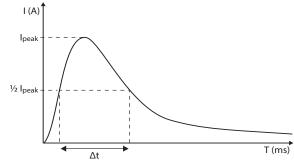
70 000 h, at $t_c = 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 50 000 h, at $t_c = 75 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on inrush current I _{peak}	Typ. peak inrush current I _{peak}	1/2 value time, Δt		
85 pcs.	5 A	50 μs		

CONVERSION TABLE FOR OTHER TYPES OF MINIATURE CIRCUIT BREAKER

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers	
B 10 A	37 %	
B 16 A	60 %	
B 20 A	75 %	
C 10 A	62 %	
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)	
C 20 A	125 %	



CONTINOUS CURRENT

Total continous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker. Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continous current: $n(I_{cont}) = (16 \text{ A} (I_{nom,Ta}) / \text{"nominal mains current with full limited by continous current})$ load") x 0.76). This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment (T₃ 30 degrees); variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continous current calculations are based on ABB S200 series circuit breakers. More specific information in ABB series S200 circuit breaker documentation.

NOTE! Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

^{*)} For other than independent use, higher t, of the controlgear possible as long as highest allowed t, point temperature is not exceeded

LC22MINI-CC-125-500-SR



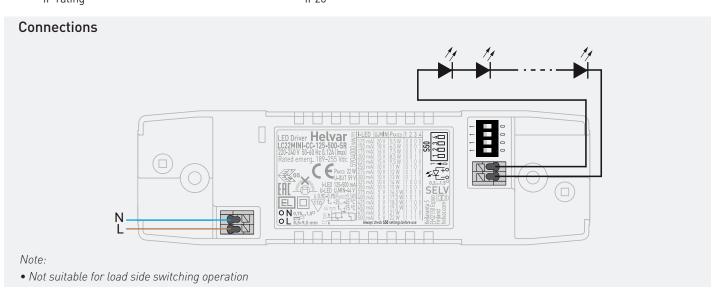
Connections and Mechanical Data

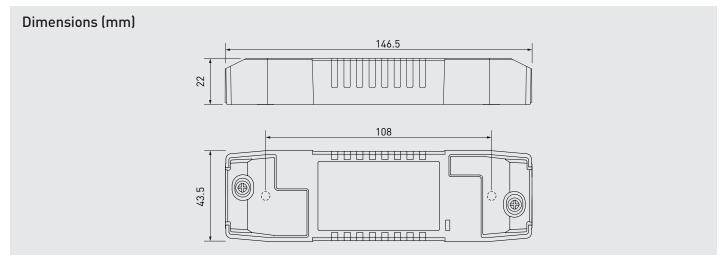
Cable Size \emptyset 1.5 mm - 10 mm

Wire size $1.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ $0.75 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ $0.20 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$

Wire type Solid core and fine-stranded Wire insulation According to EN 60598

Maximum driver to LED wire length 1.5 m
Weight 113 g
IP rating IP20





In LC22MINI-CC-125-500-SR, the current can be set with dip-switches. With each combination of switch setup, a different output current value can be set. The maximum value can be reached with all switches set to "1" (pushed towards the label, see connections picture above) and minimum with all switches set to "0". The output current values according to the dip-switch settings are presented below.

Dip-switch combinations, output currents and voltage ranges (Nominal I_{out} (±5 % tol.))

Dip-Switch combination	1111	1110	1101	1100	1011	1010	1001	1000
I _{out} (mA)	500	475	450	425	400	375	350	325
Voltage range	5 - 44 V	10 - 44 V	10 - 44 V					
Dip-Switch combination	0111	0110	0101	0100	0011	0010	0001	0000
I _{out} (mA)	300	275	250	225	200	175	150	125
Voltage range	10 - 44 V	10 - 44 V	10 - 44 V	15 - 44 V	15 - 44 V	16 - 44 V	18 - 44 V	20 - 44 V



LC22MINI-CC-125-500-SR LED driver is suited for independent use and built-in usage in luminaires. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

Installation & operation

Maximum ambient and t temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t_a ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t_c point temperature does not exceed the t_c maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum t_c point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

Current setting via dip-switch

 ${\tt LC22MINI-CC-125-500-SR\ LED\ driver\ features\ a\ constant\ current}$ output adjustable via dip-switch combinations

• For the combination/current values, refer to the table on page 3.

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Installation site

• The general preferred installation position of LED drivers for independent use is to have the top cover facing upwards.

Lamp failure functionality

No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal).

Overload

Driver can withstand overload, however reliable operation is only quaranteed in specified voltage range.

Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit.

Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1		
Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules	EN 61347-2-13		
Additional safety requirements for AC	EN 61347-2-13, Annex		
or DC supplied electronic controlgear	J		
for emergency lighting			
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5a		
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2		
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3		
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015		
Immunity standard	EN 61547		
Performance requirements	EN 62384		
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015		
Compliant with relevant EU directives			
RoHS / REACH compliant			
ENEC and CE / UKCA marked			

Label symbols



Safety isolating control gear with short circuit protection (SELV control gear).



Double insulated control gear suitable for independent use.



Symbol for independent control gear.



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C.



AC/DC supplied electronic control gear for emergency lighting purposes intended for connection to a centralized emergency power supply.



Controlgear not suitable for covering with thermally insulating material.