# LL42HEC-CC-200-350



### 42 W Constant Current | FD driver

• Highly energy- and cost-efficient design

• DIP switch current selection for flexibility

• Efficiency up to 92 %

Low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation

• Maximum output voltage limited to 250 V

Suitable for DC use

Driver protection Class I

 Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too\*



Product code: 5967

42 W 220 - 240 V 50 - 60 Hz



\* See page 4 for details.

### **Functional Description**

Adjustable constant current output: 200 mA / 250 mA / 300 mA / 350 mA

• Current setting via DIP switch

• Open circuit, short circuit and overtemperature protection

### Mains / Input Characteristics

Nominal rated voltage range 220 V - 240 V. 50 - 60 Hz 198 VAC - 264 VAC AC voltage range Nominal rated DC input range 220 - 240 VDC DC voltage range 176 VAC - 280 VDC

Mains current at full load Max. 0.20 A Frequency 50 Hz - 60 Hz < 10 % THD at full power < 0.7 mA Leakage current to earth

1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5) Tested surge protection

Tested fast transient protection 1 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

### Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - Output Non-isolated Mains and output - Driver case Basic insulated

### Load Output (non-isolated)

200 mA / 250 mA / 300 mA / 350 mA Output current (I\_out)

Accuracy ±5%

Ripple < 3 %\* at  $\le 120 \text{ Hz}$ 

\*) Low frequency, LED load: Cree MX3 LEDs

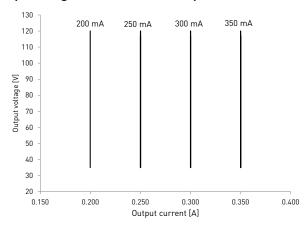
PstLM < 0.1\* SVM < 0.1\*

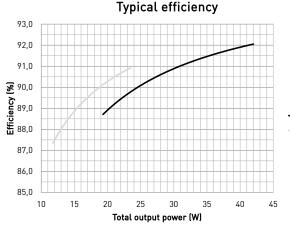
\*) At full power, LED load: Cree MX3 LEDs

U<sub>nut</sub> (max) (abnormal) 250 V

I <sub>LED</sub>	200 mA	250 mA	300 mA	350 mA
P <sub>Rated</sub>	7 W24 W	8.75 W30 W	10.5 W36 W	12.25 W42 W
$U_{LED}$	35 – 120 V			
PF ( $\lambda$ ) at full load	> 0.95	> 0.95	> 0.95	> 0.95
Efficiency (n) at full load	91 %	91 %	91 %	92 %

### Operating window and driver performance





# Typical power factor —350 mA —200 mA

35

40

45

30

Total output power (W)

### **Operating Conditions and Characteristics**

Highest allowed t<sub>c</sub> point temperature t<sub>c</sub> life (50 000 h) temperature Ambient temperature range\*
Storage temperature range
Maximum relative humidity
Mains switching cycles
Lifetime (90 % survival rate)

80 °C 75 °C -25 °C ... +55 °C -40 °C ... +80 °C No condensation > 100 000 cycles 100 000 h, at t<sub>c</sub> = 65 °C 50 000 h, at t<sub>c</sub> = 75 °C 30 000 h, at t<sub>c</sub> = 80 °C

0,95

0.92

0.89

0,86

0.83

0,80

10

350 mA

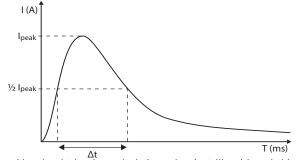
-200 mA

### Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on inrush current I <sub>peak</sub>	Typ. peak inrush current I <sub>peak</sub>	1/2 value time, Δt	Calculated energy, I <sub>peak</sub> <sup>2</sup> Δt
54 pcs*	19.98 A	210 µs	0.065 A²s

<sup>\*</sup> The inrush current is not the limiting factor for the products per MCB, please notice the continous current limitations.

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers
B 10 A	37 %
B 16 A	60 %
B 20 A	75 %
C 10 A	62 %
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)
C 20 A	125 %



Total continous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker. Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continous current:  $n(I_{cont}) = \{16 \text{ A } (I_{nom,Ta}) / \text{ nominal mains current with full load"}) \times 0.76$ ). This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment ( $T_a$  30 degrees); variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continous current calculations are based on ABB S200 series circuit breakers. More specific information in ABB series S200 circuit breaker documentation.

NOTE! Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

<sup>\*)</sup> For other than independent use, higher  $t_a$  of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed  $t_c$  point temperature is not exceeded

### Connections and Mechanical Data

Wire size

Wire type

Wire insulation

Maximum driver to LED wire length

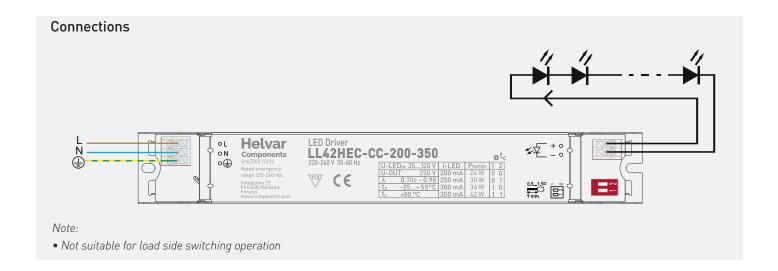
Weight IP rating

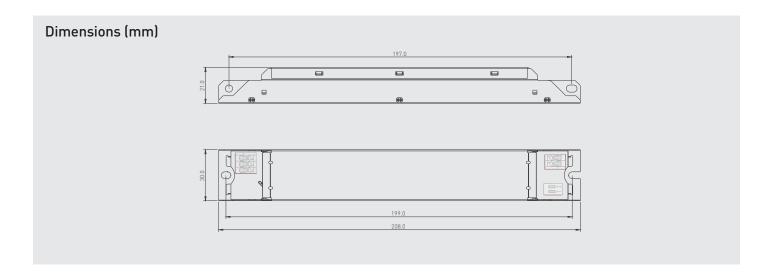
1.5 m 118 g IP20

 $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ 

According to EN 60598

Solid core and fine-stranded





In LL42HEC-CC-200-350 the current can be set with DIP switches. With each combination of switch setup, a different output current value can be set. The maximum value can be reached with the DIP switch setting "11" (both switches pushed towards the input connector) and minimum with setting "00" (pushed away from the input connector, see connections picture above). The output current values according to the DIP switch settings are presented below.

## DIP switch combinations, output currents and voltage ranges (Nominal I<sub>out</sub> (±5 % tol.))

DIP switch combination	00	01	10	11
I <sub>out</sub> (mA)	200	250	300	350
Voltage range	35 – 120 V			



LL42HEC-CC-200-350 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

### Installation & operation

### Maximum ambient and t, temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the tambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the to point temperature does not exceed the t<sub>c</sub> maximum limit in any circumstance.
- Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum t<sub>c</sub> point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

### **Current setting**

LL42HEC-CC-200-350 LED driver features a constant current output (200 mA / 250 mA / 300 mA / 350 mA) adjustable with DIP switch.

For the combination/current values, refer to the table on page 3.

### LED driver earthing

- LL42HEC-CC-200-350 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- If used inside Class I luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
- The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver change when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

### Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

### Abnormal situation functionality

### No load

Output voltage will rise to maximum Uout (abnormal) and return to normal level when load is reconnected.

Driver can withstand output short circuit and after resolving the fault, driver recovers normal operation automatically.

### **Overtemperature**

Driver will start to reduce the output current and after the temperature decreases, driver recovers normal automatically.

### Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1
Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules	EN 61347-2-13
Additional safety requirements for AC	EN 61347-2-13,
or DC supplied electronic controlgear	Annex J
for emergency lighting	
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015
Immunity standard	EN 61547
Performance requirements	EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
ENEC (pending) and CE/UKCA marked	

### Label symbols



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C.



(Pending) AC/DC supplied electronic control gear for emergency lighting purposes intended for connection to a centralized emergency power supply.