LL80BI-CC-300/350

Helvar Components

80.5 W Constant Current | FD driver

- High efficiency up to 92 %
- Low current ripple, complying with IEEE 1789 recommendation
- Long lifetime up to 50 000 h
- Maximum output voltage limited to 300 V
- Selectable current through dip-switch.
- Load output is basic isolated from the mains
- Driver protection Class I
- Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too*



Product code: 5924

80.5 W 220 - 240 V 50 - 60 Hz



* See page 4 for details.

Functional Description

- Adjustable constant current output 300 / 350 mA (default) via dip-switch.
- Basic isolation from mains to output.
- 280 mm length casing for good thermal performance.
- Load fault situation protection for open load, short circuit and overload. See page 4 for details.

Mains Characteristics

Nominal rated voltage range 220 V - 240 V, 50 - 60 Hz AC voltage range 198 VAC - 264 VAC

Withstands max. 300 VAC (max. 1 hour) Withstands min. 176 VAC (max. 1 hour)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Mains current at full load} & 0.36 - 0.40 \mbox{ A} \\ \mbox{Frequency} & 50 \mbox{ Hz} - 60 \mbox{ Hz} \\ \mbox{THD at full power} & < 15 \mbox{ \%} \\ \mbox{Leakage current to earth} & < 0.7 \mbox{ mA} \\ \end{array}$

Tested surge protection 1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5)

Tested fast transient protection 4 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - Output Basic isolated
Mains & output - Driver case Basic insulation

Load Output (basic isolated)

PstLM

SVM

Output current (I_{out}) 300 / 350 mA (default)

Accuracy ± 5 %

Ripple $< \pm 3\%$ * at $\le 120 \text{ Hz}$

) Low frequency < 0.05 < 0.01*

*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.

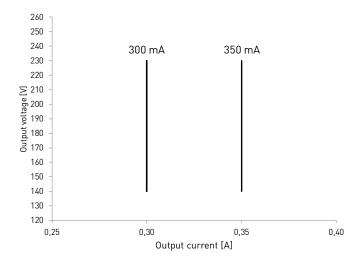
U_{OUT} (max) (abnormal) 300 V

LED	300 mA	350 mA
P _{Rated}	69 W	80.5 W
U_{LED}	140 - 230 V	140 - 230 V
PF (λ) at full load	0.95	0.95
Efficiency (n) at full load	92 %	92 %

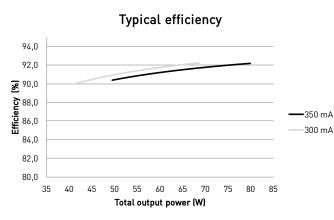
LL80BI-CC-300/350

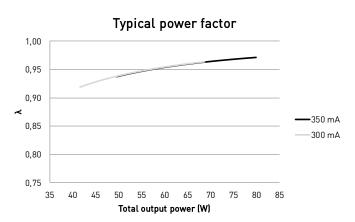
Helvar Components

Operating window



Driver performance





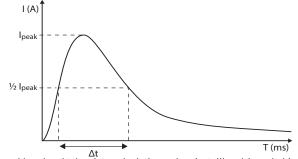
Operating Conditions and Characteristics

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Highest allowed t}_{\mbox{\scriptsize c}} \mbox{ point temperature} & 75 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize t}_{\mbox{\scriptsize c}} \mbox{ life (50 000 h) temperature} & 75 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{Ambient temperature range*} & -25 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize Storage temperature range} & -40 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize Maximum relative humidity} & \mbox{\scriptsize No condensation} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize Mains switching cycles} & > 100 000 \mbox{\scriptsize cycles} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize Lifetime (90 \% survival rate)} & 50 000 \mbox{\scriptsize h, at t}_{\mbox{\scriptsize c}} = 75 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize condensation} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize 50 000 h, at t}_{\mbox{\scriptsize c}} = 75 \mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{\scriptsize condensation} \\ \mbox$

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on inrush current I _{peak}	Typ. peak inrush current I _{peak}	1/2 value time, Δt	Calculated energy, I _{peak} ² ∆t
42 pcs	22 A	254 μs	0.089 A ² s

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers
B 10 A	37 %
B 16 A	60 %
B 20 A	75 %
C 10 A	62 %
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)
C 20 A	125 %



Total continous current of the drivers and installation environment must always be considered and taken into calculations when installing drivers behind miniature circuit breaker. Example calculation of total drivers amount limited by continous current: $n(I_{cont}) = \{16 \text{ A } (I_{nom,Ta}) / \text{ nominal mains current with full load"}) \times 0.76$). This calculation is an example according to recommended precautions due to multiple adjacent circuit breakers (> 9 MCBs) and installation environment (T_a 30 degrees); variables may vary according to the use case. Both inrush current and continous current calculations are based on ABB S200 series circuit breakers. More specific information in ABB series S200 circuit breaker documentation.

NOTE! Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

^{*)} For other than independent use, higher t_s of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed t_c point temperature is not exceeded

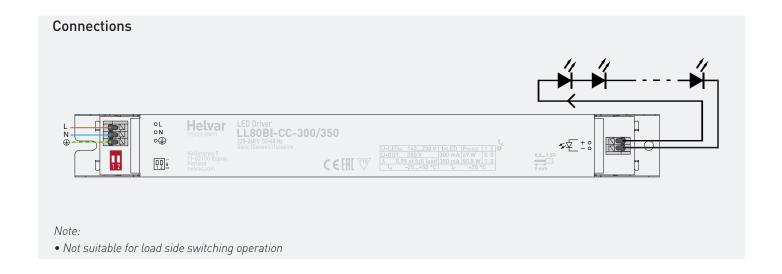
Connections and Mechanical Data

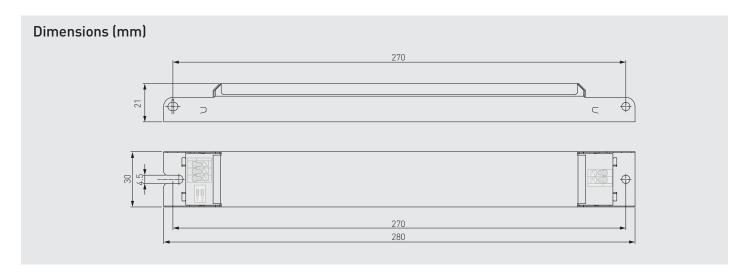
Wire size $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$

Wire type Solid core and fine-stranded

Wire insulation According to EN 60598

Maximum driver to LED wire length1.5 mWeight224 gIP ratingIP20





In LL80BI-CC-300/350, the current can be set with dip-switches. The maximum value can be reached with the dip-switch setting presented below and minimum with all switches set to "0" (pushed away from the label, see connections picture above). The output current values according to the dip-switch settings are presented below.

Dip-switch combinations, output currents and voltage ranges (Nominal I_{out} (±5 % tol.))

Dip-Switch combination	00/01	10/11
I _{out} (mA)	300	350
Voltage range	140 – 230 V	140 – 230 V

Information and conformity



LL80BI-CC-300/350 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

Installation & operation

Maximum ambient and t_c temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t_a ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t_c point temperature does not exceed the t_c maximum limit in any circumstance.
- \bullet Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum \boldsymbol{t}_{c} point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

Current setting

LL80BI-CC-300/350 LED driver features a constant current output setable through the dip-switches. See page 3 for more information.

LED driver earthing

- LL80BI-CC-300/350 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- When used inside Class I luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
- The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver change when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Lamp failure functionality

No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal).

Overload

When overload is detected, driver goes to standby mode and returns through mains reset.

Short circuit

When short circuit is detected, driver goes to standby mode and returns through mains reset.

Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements	EN 61347-1
Thermal protection class	EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics	EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker	EN 61000-3-3
Radio frequency interference	EN 55015
Immunity standard	EN 61547
Performance requirements	EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers	IEEE 1789-2015
Compliant with relevant EU directives	
RoHS/REACH compliant	
CE / UKCA marked	

Label symbols

Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 110 °C

