LL1x110-E-CC-350-700



110 W Constant Current | FD driver

• Very high efficiency up to 95 %

 Very low output current ripple complying with IEEE 1789 recommendations

- Long lifetime up to 100 000 h
- Suitable for use in emergency lighting applications
- Driver protection Class I
- Ideal solution for Class I luminaires, suitable for Class II luminaires too*



Product code: 5550

110 W 220 - 240 V 0 / 50 - 60 Hz

* See page 4 for details.



Functional Description

- Adjustable constant current output: 350 mA (default) to 700 mA
- Current setting with external resistors
- Open & short circuit protection

Mains Characteristics

Voltage range 198 VAC – 264 VAC

Withstands max. 320 VAC (max. 1 hour)

DC range 176 VDC – 280 VDC

starting voltage $> 190 \, \text{VDC}$ Mains current at full load $0.40 - 0.60 \, \text{A}$ Frequency $0 / 50 \, \text{Hz} - 60 \, \text{Hz}$

THD at full power < 8 %
Leakage current to earth < 0.3 mA

Tested surge protection 1 kV L-N, 2 kV L-GND (IEC 61000-4-5)

Tested fast transient protection 2 kV (IEC 61000-4-4)

Insulation between circuits & driver case

Mains circuit - Output Non-isolated

Mains and output - Driver case Basic insulation

Load Output (non-isolated)

Output current (I_{out}) 350 mA (default) – 700 mA

Accuracy ± 5 %

Ripple < 2 %* at $\le 120 \text{ Hz}$

*) Low frequency, LED load: Cree MX3 LEDs

PstLM < 0.03* SVM < 0.01*

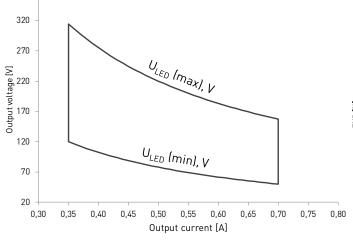
*) At full power, measured with Cree XP-G LED modules.

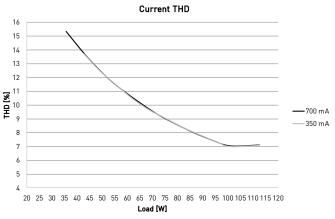
U_{DUT} (max) (abnormal) 400 V

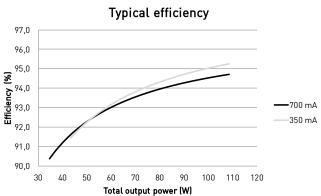
LED	350 mA	700 mA
P _{RATED}	110 W	110 W
U_{LED}	120 V - 314 V	50 V – 157 V
PF (λ) at full load	0.98	0.98
Efficiency (n) at full load	95 %	95 %

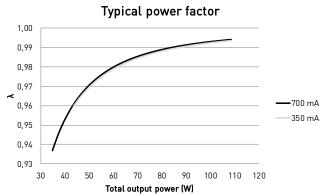


Operating window and driver performance









Operating Conditions and Characteristics

85 °C Highest allowed t_r point temperature t_life (60 000 h) temperature 75 °C -25 °C ... +50 °C* Ambient temperature range* in independent use -25 °C ... +40 °C Storage temperature range -40 °C ... +80 °C Maximum relative humidity No condensation > 100 000 cycles Mains switching cycles Lifetime (90 % survival rate) 100 000 h, at $t_c = 65 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

60 000 h, at $t_c = 75 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

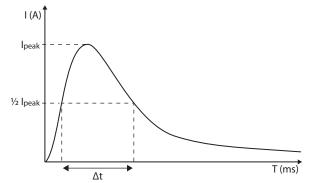
30 000 h at t = 85 °C

Quantity of drivers per miniature circuit breaker 16 A Type C

Based on I _{cont}	Based on inrush current I _{peak}	Typ. peak inrush current $I_{\rm peak}$	1/2 value time, Δt	Calculated energy, I _{peak} ² ∆t
22 pcs.	24 pcs.	41,7 A	232 µs	0.273 A ² s

CONVERSION TABLE FOR OTHER TYPES OF MINIATURE CIRCUIT BREAKER

MCB type	Relative quantity of LED drivers
B 10 A	37 %
B 16 A	60 %
B 20 A	75 %
C 10 A	62 %
C 16 A	100 % (see table above)
C 20 A	125 %



Type C MCB's are strongly recommended to use with LED lighting. Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

^{*)} For other than independent use, higher t a of the control gear possible as long as highest allowed t point temperature is not exceeded



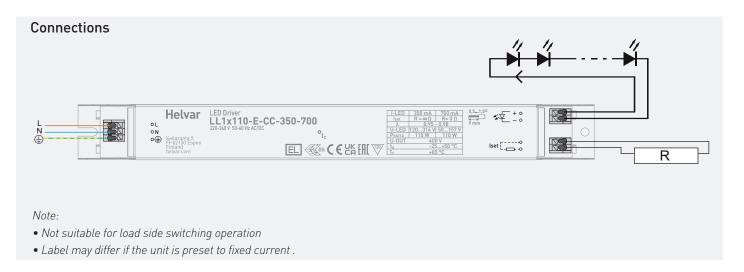
Connections and Mechanical Data

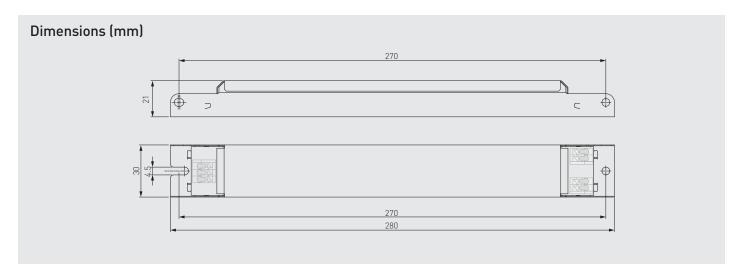
Wire size $0.5 \text{ mm}^2 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$

Wire type Solid core and fine-stranded Wire insulation According to EN 60598

Maximum driver to LED wire length 5 m

Weight 227 g IP20 IP rating





Output current can be set with the current setting resistor connected to the Iset terminal. Example current and resistor values across the range can be found in the following table. More information about the current setting resistor is given on page 4.

Iset current setting resistor values

R(Ω)	0	220	470	820	1,2k	1,5k	2,2k	2,74k	3,9k	5,6k	6,8k	10k	18k	39k	∞
I _{out} (mA)	700	675	650	625	600	575	550	525	500	475	450	425	400	375	350
Order Code	T70000	N/A	T70471	T70821	N/A	T70152	T70222	T72741	T70392	T70562	T70682	T70103	T70183	N/A	N/A

Information and conformity



LL1x110-E-CC-350-700 LED driver is suited for built-in usage in luminaires. With LL1x2130-SR strain reliefs, independent use is possible too (see the LL1x2130-SR datasheet for details). In order to have safe and reliable LED driver operation, the LED luminaires will need to comply with the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60598-1). The LED luminaire shall be designed to adequately protect the LED driver from dust, moisture and pollution. The luminaire manufacturer is responsible for the correct choice and installation of the LED drivers according to the application and product datasheets. Operating conditions of the LED drivers may never exceed the specifications as per the product datasheet.

Installation & operation

Maximum ambient and t temperature:

- For built-in components inside luminaires, the t_a ambient temperature range is a guideline given for the optimum operating environment. However, integrator must always ensure proper thermal management (i.e. mounting base of the driver, air flow etc.) so that the t_c point temperature does not exceed the t_c maximum limit in any circumstance.
- \bullet Reliable operation and lifetime is only guaranteed if the maximum $t_{\rm c}$ point temperature is not exceeded under the conditions of use.

Current setting resistor

LL1x110-E-CC-350-700 LED driver features a constant current output adjustable via current setting resistor.

- An external resistor can be inserted in to the current setting terminal, allowing the user to adjust the LED driver output current.
- When no external resistor is connected, then the LED drivers will operate at their default lowest current level.
- A standard through-hole resistor can be used for the current setting. To achieve the most accurate output current it is recommended to select a quality low tolerance resistor. Minimum diameter for resistor leg is 0.51mm.
- Always connect the current setting resistor only into the terminals marked with Iset on the LED driver label.
- For the resistor/current value selection, refer to the table on page 3.
- For drivers not providing isolation (non-isolated), current setting resistor must be insulated according safety regulations.

Miniature Circuit Breakers (MCB)

- Type-C MCB's with trip characteristics in according to EN 60898 are recommended.
- Please see more details in "MCB information" document in each driver product page in "downloads & links" section.

Installation site

• The general preferred installation position of LED drivers for independent use is to have the top cover facing upwards.

LED driver earthing

- LL1x110-E-CC-350-700 LED driver is a protective Class I device and designed for Class I luminaires.
- If used inside **Class I** luminaires, this LED driver must always have the protective earth cable connected for safety reasons.
 - The driver is designed to be used inside Class I luminaires. For usage inside Class II luminaires, the safety of the luminaire shall be ensured through double/reinforced insulation of live parts and through supplementary insulation of conductive parts of the casing, or any conductive parts connected to the casing, as the casing is only basic insulated from the live parts. The earth connector of the driver shall be left unconnected and there shall be no protective earth terminals in the luminaire terminal block to fulfill the requirements of IEC/EN 60598-1 for Class II luminaires. The EMC performance of the driver changes when left unearthed, so it is always the responsibility of the integrator to take measures and necessary actions, for example by luminaire design to ensure the assembled luminaire complies with latest EMC standard.

Lamp failure functionality

No load

When open load is detected, driver limits output voltage according to Uout (max) (abnormal).

Overload

Driver can withstand overload, however reliable operation is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

Underload

Reliable operation of the driver is only guaranteed in specified voltage range.

Short circuit

Driver can withstand output short circuit.

Information and conformity



Conformity & standards

General and safety requirements Particular safety requirements for DC or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules Additional safety requirements for AC or DC supplied electronic controlgear EN 61347-2-13 EN 61347-2-13, Annex J
or AC supplied electronic control gear for LED modules Additional safety requirements for AC EN 61347-2-13,
or DC supplied electronic control gear Annex J
of be supplied electronic controlged.
for emergency lighting
Thermal protection class EN 61347, C5e
Mains current harmonics EN 61000-3-2
Limits for voltage fluctuations and EN 61000-3-3 flicker
Radio frequency interference EN 55015
Immunity standard EN 61547
Performance requirements EN 62384
Recommended Practices for Modulating Current in High-Brightness LEDs for Mitigating Health Risks to Viewers
Compliant with relevant EU directives
RoHS/REACH compliant
ENEC and CE/UKCA marked

Label symbols



Thermally controlled control gear, incorporating means of protection against overheating to prevent the case temperature under any conditions of use from exceeding 120 °C.